25X1	EP	8 August 1959	2
		Copy No. C 63	
INTE			
DU	1.00	ETIN	2:
	CENTRA A STATE OF THE STATE OF	D D CUMENT NO. NO CHANGE IN CLASS. I. DECLASSIFIED CLASS. CHANGED TO: TS S FO NEXT REVIEW DATE: AUTH. HILLD-2 DATE: PREVIEWER:	

TOP SECRET



25X1 Approved For Belease 2002/05/13: CIA-RDP79T00975A004600340001-3 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN 8 August 1959 25X1 DAILY BRIEF I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC USSR-India: The Soviet Communist party has advised 25X1 the Indian party not to scrap its policy of seek-25% ing power by "parliamentary means" in favor of violent tactics. Moscow's response to the developments in Kerala reflects the desire of Soviet leaders to avoid strains in their relations with New Delhi. Unlike Peiping, whose radio has broadcast detailed, slanted accounts of the crisis, the USSR has barely mentioned the subject. 25X1 (Page 1) Communist China: In an editorial which may reflect a recent reassessment of China's economic outlook by the party leadership, the official People's Daily points to the tremendous strides made in the first half of the year and asserts that the situation is "extremely favorable" to the fulfillment of this year's plan to press on with the leap forward. All that is required, the L daily says, is to overcome the budding conservative tendency of exaggerating difficulties and "activate" the masses to a new upsurge of effort. The editorial may be the opening gun of an effort to regain some of the momentum which has been lost over 25X1 the past few months. 25X1 i 25X1



Approved For Release 2002/05/13 : CIA-RDP79T00975A004600340001-3

Argentina: President Frondizi believes Peronista and Communist collaboration in strikes and electoral activity is due in part to continuing instructions from Peron in the Dominican Republic. Argentina is making further representations to Trujillo to cut off Peron's communications, and, if these fail, Frondizi is prepared to break diplomatic relations. Meanwhile, Frondizi is seeking legal means of further curtailing Communist activity.

25X1

8 Aug 59

DAILY BRIEF

iii

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

Peiping Calls for Greater Economic Efforts

Two recent editorials in the official People's Daily may reflect a reassessment of Communist China's economic outlook by the party leadership. The editorials appear to be a strong reaffirmation of the correctness of the general approach to economic development taken by Mao Tse-tung and the most influential group of his lieutenants led by Liu Shao-chi.

The paper asserts that "tremendous strides" were made in the first half of the year and that the present situation is "extremely favorable" to the fulfillment of this year's plan for pressing ahead with the regime's "leap forward" economic policies. All that is needed, the daily says, is to eliminate the "rightist conservative tendency" of exaggerating difficulties and "activate" all manpower to a new upsurge of hard work.

Both editorials are directed to local party officials, who are enjoined once again to "let politics take command"—a key slogan in the leap last year but which had been soft—pedaled over the past few months. The cadres are told to use methods of mass exhortation which were claimed to be successful last year and thus spur the Chinese workers to new efforts, especially over the next two months. The regime clearly attaches great importance to being in a position to greet its tenth anniversary on 1 October with appropriate "spectacular achievement."

The leadership apparently believes that a renewed reliance on exhortation--plus the harvest already in hand, which could be used to provide more in the way of direct incentives to the workers--will enable the 1959 "leap" to regain some of the momentum lost in recent months. The party leaders may have redefined this year's goals in terms less extravagant than the ones formulated last December, but there is no hint of such a shift in the editorials.

lost in recent months. The party leaders may have redethis year's goals in terms less extravagant than the ones lated last December, but there is no hint of such a shift editorials.

25X1

8 Aug 59

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Page 2



Argentina Asking Trujillo to Curtail Peron's Subversive Instructions

Argentine President Frondizi believes Peronista and Communist collaboration in strikes and electoral activity is due in part to continuing instructions from Peron in the Dominican Republic, and that such strikes will create serious political and social problems during the coming months. In Frondizi's view, Trujillo is convinced Peron will return to Argentina and for that reason is permitting him to continue sending subversive recordings and other messages.

Argentina does not intend to introduce this matter at the OAS meeting in Santiago, but will discuss it privately with the Dominican foreign minister at that time. If these representations fail, Frondizi is prepared to break diplomatic relations. Relations were resumed in October 1958, having been broken in April 1957 by the provisional Aramburu government over Peron's asylum in the Dominican Republic.

Meanwhile, the government--disturbed by Peronista support of Communist candidates in the recent municipal elections in Santa Fe Province--is considering means of barring the Communist party from participating in future elections. Frondizi does not believe the executive could order this and thinks the congress would balk at it, but he hopes for successful judiciary action on such a ban before the February 1960 congressional elections.

Although Frondizi issued a decree on 27 April banning all Communist party political activity, there is no federal law at present superseding the provinces' control over their electoral processes and recognition of political parties. The federal government is apparently trying to persuade the provinces to cooperate in anti-Communist action. On 5 August it issued another communiqué explaining reasons behind the 27 April decree and pointing out the involvement of foreign Communist agents in terrorist activities.

25X1

25X1

THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

Scientific Adviser to the President

Director of the Budget

Office of Defense and Civilian Mobilization

Special Assistant for Security Operations Coordination

Board of Consultants on Foreign Intelligence Activities

Special Assistant for Foreign Economic Policy

Executive Secretary, National Security Council

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Economic Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary for Administration

The Counselor

Director, International Cooperation Administration

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Affairs

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Commandant, United States Marine Corps The Director, The Joint Staff Chief of Staff, United States Army

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Assistant to Secretary of Defense for Special Operations

Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of the Army

Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of the Navy

Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

The Department of the Interior

The Secretary of the Interior

Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

National Security Agency

The Director

National Indications Center

The Director

United States Information Agency

The Director



